

# Data analytics using R

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# Topics to cover

1. Insurance dataset
2. Objective
3. Statistical data analysis - I
4. Statistical data analysis - II



# Insurance dataset

- 1.1 Data extracted from the chapter 6 of the book **Machine Learning with R** by *Brett Lantz*.
- 1.2 Data was originally created by the **U.S. Census Bureau**.
- 1.3 Dataset includes 1,338 examples of beneficiaries currently enrolled in an insurance plan.

age	sex	bmi	children	smoker	region	charges
19	female	27.9	0	yes	southwest	16884.92
18	male	33.77	1	no	southeast	1725.552
28	male	33	3	no	southeast	4449.462
33	male	22.705	0	no	northwest	21984.47
32	male	28.88	0	no	northwest	3866.855
31	female	25.74	0	no	southeast	3756.622
46	female	33.44	1	no	southeast	8240.59
37	female	27.74	3	no	northwest	7281.506
37	male	29.83	2	no	northeast	6406.411
60	female	25.84	0	no	northwest	28923.14
25	male	26.22	0	no	northeast	2721.321

Figure 1: Glimpse of the Insurance dataset.



## 1.4 Variables contained in the dataset (3 continuous & 4 discrete)

- ▶ **age** (*continuous*): Age of the primary beneficiary (excluding those above 64 years).
- ▶ **sex** (*discrete*): Policy holder's gender.
- ▶ **bmi** (*continuous*): The body mass index (BMI) of policy holder.
- ▶ **children** (*discrete*): The number of children / dependents covered by the insurance plan.
- ▶ **smoker** (*discrete*): Indicates whether the insured regularly smokes tobacco or not.
- ▶ **region** (*discrete*): The beneficiary's place of residence in the U.S. in terms of geographic region.
- ▶ **charges** (*continuous*): Yearly medical expenses of each individual.



2. To find meaningful patterns in the data, especially those associated with the charges variable.



1. Let's switch to RStudio.



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*Thank You!*

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